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# ANALYSIS OF TRANSLATION QUALITIES OF DECLARATIVE SENTENCES IN THE "HUMAN INITIATIVE" WEBSITE

# **THESIS**

Proposed as a Compulsory Prerequisite for Bachelor's Degree in Applied Linguistics (S.Tr.Li)

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STUDY PROGRAM OF ENGLISH FOR BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL COMMUNICATION DEPARTMENT OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION POLITEKNIK NEGERI JAKARTA 2024



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# **PREFACE**

Praise goes to God Almighty, because of His blessings and grace, the researcher is able to complete this thesis as one of the requirements for obtaining a bachelor's degree. The researcher realizes that without the help and guidance of various parties, this thesis could not have been completed. Therefore, the researcher would like to thank:

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- c. The raters, with a special mention to Fachurazak who has shown his willingness to dedicate his time and offer valuable assistance to the researcher in completing this thesis;
- d. Beloved family, Mom and Dad, who consistently provide unwavering support, both in terms of emotional encouragement and material assistance;
- e. Friends from the English for Business and Professional Communication study program who are supportive and helpful either while studying in Politeknik Negeri Jakarta or during completing this thesis;

Last, the researcher hopes that God Almighty is pleased to repay all the kindness of all parties who have helped. Hopefully this thesis can bring benefits to the development of translation field.

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# **ABSTRACT**

Fathan Muhammad Azzami, English for Business and Professional Communication. Analysis of Translation Qualities of Declarative Sentences in The "Human Initiative" Website.

This research discusses declarative sentences (Vespoor & Sauter, 2002) and translation quality (Nababan, 2012) in the aspects of accuracy, acceptability, and readability on the Human Initiative website. The Human Initiative website is a collection of web pages that are connected to each other and contain information. This research aims to find out the type of declarative sentence and the score of translation quality on the website and this research is qualitative by using descriptive method. Focus Group Discussion (FGD) is used to collect data which is then analyzed. The purpose of this study is to determine the type of declarative sentence and the quality of translation on the Human Initiative website. The results of this study found 4 types of declarative sentences, namely simple sentence as much as 68 data (82%), complex sentence as much as 12 data (15%), compound sentence as much as 2 data (2%), and compoundcomplex sentence as much as 1 data (1%). The use of 82% simple sentences on the website is very impactful on website readers, that is with simple sentences readers easily understand what the message/purpose is conveyed on the website because simple sentences have a sentence structure that is uncomplicated. The results of the Focus Group Discussion (FGD) show that the translation of declarative sentences on the Human Initiative website has accurate, acceptable translation quality, and a high level of readability. Overall, the translated message effectively conveys the meaning in the target language.

Keywords: Declarative Sentence, Human Initiative, Translation Quality, Website.



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## **ABSTRAK**

Fathan Muhammad Azzami, Bahasa Inggris Untuk Komunikasi Bisnis dan Profesional. Analysis of Translation Qualities of Declarative Sentences in The "Human Initiative" Website.

Penelitian ini membahas declarative sentence (Vespoor & Sauter, 2002) dan kualitas terjemahan (Nababan, 2012) dalam aspek keakuratan, keberterimaan, dan keterbacaan pada website Human Initiative. Situs web Human Initiative adalah kumpulan halaman web yang terhubung satu sa<mark>ma lain da</mark>n berisi informasi. Penelitian ini memiliki tujuan untuk mengetahui tipe declarative sentence serta nilai kualitas terjemahan pada website dan penelitian ini merupakan kualitatif dengan menggunakan metode deskriptif. Focus Group Discussion (FGD) digunakan untuk mengumpulkan data yang kemudian dianalisis. Tujuan dari penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui tipe declarative sentence dan kualitas terjemahan pada website Human Initiative. Hasil penelitian ini menemukan 4 tipe declarative sentence yaitu simple sentence sebanyak 68 data (82%), complex sentence sebanyak 12 data (15%), compound sentence sebanyak 2 data (2%), dan compound-complex sentence sebanyak 1 data (1%). Penggunaan 82% kalimat sederhana pada website sangat berdampak pada pembaca website, yaitu dengan kalimat sederhana pembaca mudah memahami apa pesan/tujuan yang disampaikan pada website karena kalimat sederhana memiliki struktur kalimat yang tidak sulit. Hasil Focus Group Discussion (FGD) menunjukkan bahwa terjemahan declarative sentence pada website Human Initiative memiliki kualitas terjemahan yang akurat, berterima, dan tingkat keterbacaan yang tinggi. Secara keseluruhan, pesan terjemahan berhasil menyampaikan makna dalam bahasa sasaran dengan efektif.

Kata kunci: Declarative Sentence, Human Initiative, Kualitas Terjemahan, Website.



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# LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviation	Definition
C.C	Coordinating Conjunction
CR.C	Correlative Conjunction
FGD	Focus Grup Discussion
S	Subject
S.C	Subordinatif Conjunction
SL	Source Language
TL	Target Language
V	Verb

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# CHAPTER I INTRODUCTION

# 1.1 Background of the Research

Social media serves as a versatile platform for self-representation, product promotion, and information sharing, encompassing a wide range of digital tools that engage billions of users globally. Social media, encompassing various online platforms for content creation and promotion, plays a pivotal role in both personal self-representation and digital marketing strategies for companies (Ainiyah, 2018 and Dani & Sukendro, 2023). Social media is an Internet-based technological development that allows users to interact directly in some forms (Putu et al., 2021). It has also become an integral part of personal expression and digital marketing strategies, witnessing significant growth and offering diverse platforms like Facebook and Twitter for content creation, communication, and engagement.

In fact, social media refers to a variety of technologies that facilitate the sharing of ideas and information among their users. In early 2023, 94.8% of users accessed chat and messaging apps and websites, followed closely by social platforms, with 94.6% of users (Dollarhide, 2024). With the immense rise in community websites, a lot of organizations have started to find the best ways to utilize these sites in creating strong relationships and communications with users to enable friendly and close relationships to create online brand communities (Ibrahim and Aljarah, 2018). In this context, social media has an important role in branding a business, person, and company which connects different cultures and languages, especially in promotional content such as Instagram, Twitter, Facebook, Wikipedia, company profiles, taglines, captions, YouTube, products, services and brands where it is able to deliver two-way communication through dialog that allows customers and businesses to communicate with each other through social media forums (Fathurrohman, 2016).

Furthermore, for a company branding business, digital platforms have important roles in promoting the company features, products, services, and ideas. Branding is a crucial asset for companies, signaling the qualities of their products or services and enhancing



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their image among consumers, while also leveraging the brand's value as a strategic tool to differentiate from competitors, sustain market presence, and attract new clients (Ricardo, et al., 2021). Aaker (2003) underscores the significance of branding for consumers, emphasizing three key benefits: functional aspects tied to product/service quality and functionality, economic considerations encompassing relative advantages in cost and time, and psychological factors rooted in subjective expectations and perceptions influencing consumer satisfaction. In addition, a digital environment, the use of data and analytics can provide valuable information about consumer preferences and needs through platform usage, customer feedback, and market trends, which is useful for developing business strategies, optimizing the user experience, and improving customer satisfaction. Digital platforms allow companies to reach potential consumers from different parts of the world with information and services that are available quickly and easily, allowing them to attract consumers to different markets in the digital era (Maharani & Respati, 2023). One of the digital platforms that is widely used by companies for branding is a website.

Nowadays, having a website is a must for company branding. A website is an interconnected web page that generally contains a collection of information in the form of text data, images, animations, audio, video, or a combination of all of them, which are usually made for personal, organizations, and companies (Yasinta, 2022). A company website has several important functions, including a) increase company visibility and credibility b) a platform to convey information about the company's products and services to potential customers c) as a tool to build the company's image and brand d) increasing target consumers and expanding sales markets e) increase company turnover (Vodea, 2022). Furthermore, the company website must have good translation quality, so that it is easily understood by users globally. However, despite the benefits, there are some problems that can arise if a website does not have good quality translations. (1) inversion of meaning: the expression of meaning of the source language text in another way round. In this case, the target language's intention contradicts that of the source language; (2) addition of meaning: the inclusion of intentions or ideas which are not mentioned or implied in the source language. In the other word, the intention of the source language is broadened; (3) omission of



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meaning: the exclusion of idea or ideas of the source language in the target language, so that the intention of the source language is not completely transferred; (4) deviation of meaning: the diversion of the intention of the source language to other notions; (5) modification of meaning: the expression of the intention of the source language into an unclear form (Akil, 2007).

Based on what has been explained in the previous paragraph, it is crucial to implement strategies that focus on enhancing context awareness, preserving original meanings, and adapting language styles to effectively convey messages on social media platforms, particularly on company websites. The company website of the Human Initiative company is the object of the research. Human Initiative (HI) is a humanitarian organization with a vision of moving goodness to human dignity. It was founded in Indonesia on December 10, 1999, and implements a Theory of Change (TOC) strategy and focuses on the positive impact of community empowerment programs, child protection programs, disaster management and emergency response as well as infrastructure programs. Human Initiative has branches abroad such as the United States, South Korea, Australia, and many more. Human Initiative has been registered as an NGO in the Notary Deed of Establishment of Foundation No. 9 December 10, 1999, Ministry of Social Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia Registration No. 310/5/PI.02/06/2022, United Nations field "Special Consultative" Status with the Economic and Social Council". The Human Initiative website attracts a diverse audience, including donors, sponsors, and individuals seeking information about the organization's mission and activities. The English version of the website is translated by humans and does not rely on AI translation. Language switch buttons are prominently displayed on the website, allowing users to easily switch between languages. Researcher is interested in studying the website content from an Indonesian to English perspective. There are three languages available on the Human Initiative website, which are Indonesian, English and Arabic. The researcher only chose Indonesian and English because the purpose of this research is to assess the quality of translation from the source language (Indonesian) to the target language (English).



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Human Initiative websites have problems related to accuracy, acceptability, and readability. First, to make it clearer, accuracy issues may arise if there are errors in the translation of content from the source language to the target language, which may result in inaccurate information, for example "program preventif untuk menutup peluang terjadinya kekerasan" become "which is a preventive initiative aimed at eliminating opportunities for violence". It shows that the translation is inaccurate because "menutup" becomes "eliminating" which confuses the reader. Secondly, acceptability becomes an issue if the website content does not consider the cultural values of the target language users. When this happens, it causes discomfort or disapproval from the audience, for example "Sekolah Human Initiative adalah Program pembangunan sekolah untuk anak-anak terdampak bencana agar dapat mengenyam pendidikan formal" become "The Human Initiative School is a program aimed at building schools for children affected by disasters to enable them to access formal education", it shows that the translation is unacceptable because "mengenyam" becomes "access" which confuses the reader. Third, poor readability can occur if there are errors in grammar, sentence structure, or word choice in the target language. This can reduce the effectiveness of communication and user engagement with website content.

The translation quality is how well a text has been transferred from the original language to the target language while maintaining its meaning, style and communicative purpose. The quality of translation on social media must be excellent because it affects acceptability, accuracy, and readability (Shuttleworth & Cowie, 1997). First, accuracy is the basic principle of translation, so it must be the main focus of the translator. If the accuracy of a translation is very low, it can be questioned whether the results include the translation or not. The intended meaning is not just the form, but the message, the ideas on the SL conveyed to TL. In addition, matching does not imply word-for-word translation or one-on-one correspondence, but focuses more on the whole idea or message (Nababan, 2012). Secondly, the term acceptability refers to whether a translation has been expressed in accordance with the rules, norms and culture that apply in the target language or not, both at the micro level and at the macro level. The concept of acceptability is very important because even if a translation is



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accurate in terms of content or message, it will be rejected by the target readers if the way it is expressed is against the rules, norms and culture of the target language (Nababan, et al., 2012). Thirdly, readability is the degree of ease in which a piece of writing can be read and understood its meaning. A translated text can be considered to have a high level of readability if the text is easy to read and the reader can catch the message conveyed, regardless of the compatibility of the message with the message contained in the SL text. In other words, the reader acts as a subject that determines the readability of a text (McDonald, S. V., 2020).

Based on those theories, it can be understood that the translation quality and website as a branding medium of the company can be critically intertwined. The excellence of translation on the Human Initiative website is imperative as it directly impacts its acceptability, accuracy, and readability, aligning with the principles discussed in translation theory. Ensuring accuracy in conveying the intended message, adhering to cultural and linguistic norms for acceptability, and maintaining readability for user comprehension are paramount for creating a positive user experience and enhancing the brand image on the website.

Declarative sentence is the sentence type that is the straightest forward. It can string the subject at the beginning of a sentence and then place the predictor at the end, followed by an indirect object, direct object, or other element as needed. Declarative sentence, the most common type, commonly make a statement (Haryono & Bryan, 2008: 384). Generally speaking, these sentences are used to communicate ideas clearly and concisely, for example "I don't live in the town". The most basic type of sentence is the declarative one. It conveys information and is punctuated with a period, according to Cummings (2018). Declarative sentences can therefore be found in any sentence as long as they serve the fundamental purpose of providing information, with the Human Initiative website as a research object. Researcher opt for declarative sentences because they offer access to a substantial dataset for assessing translation quality. This choice is facilitated by the abundance of narrative lines on the website, which contain statements, facts, and opinions. For instance, the sentence "Children are the future" exemplifies this structure. This approach enables researchers to conduct a



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thorough analysis, gaining a nuanced understanding of translation quality within the website's context. Focusing on declarative sentences allows for a concentrated examination of accuracy, acceptability, and readability in a specific context.

Researcher have found several previous researches that discuss translation quality with different objects. The first relevant research is "An Analysis of Declarative and Interrogative Sentences in 'Don't Look Up' Movie", the authors of the research article are Agustinus Fransiskus, Widi Syahtia Pane, and Godefridus Bali Geroda (2023). The aim of the research article is to analyze declarative and interrogative sentences in the movie "Don't Look Up" and explore their deep structure. The method used in the study is qualitative research with content analysis as its approach. The researcher used a table as a research instrument to collect the data and the data analysis techniques included data reduction, data display, and conclusion drawing. Triangulation was also applied to ensure data validity. The second research is "A Syntactic Analysis On Sentences Found in "Go Diego Go" Eps. The Arctic Rescue", the author of this research is Isna Fahimatul Kaefiyah (2015). The aim of the study is to analyze sentence structures in "Go Diego Go" Eps. The Arctic Rescue through tree diagram analysis. The method used in collecting the data is the Simak Bebas Libat Cakap (SLBC) method, followed by note-taking techniques for further analysis. The data collection technique involved watching the DVD of "Go Diego Go" series and manually writing down the subtitles of the conversations. The data were then segmented into sentences and analyzed for sentence types based on the number of clauses and their syntactic properties. The data analysis techniques included identifying sentence types, portraying declarative and interrogative sentences in tree diagrams, and analyzing the sentences for their syntactic properties. The analysis of sentences in "Go Diego Go" Eps. The Arctic Rescue revealed a variety of sentence types.

The third research is "The Syntax Analysis on Declarative Sentence in Ann Jungman's Lucy Keep the Wolf from the Door", by Uswatun Khasanah (2016). The aim of the research method used in this analysis was to describe the syntactic structure of declarative sentences in Ann Jungman's "Lucy keeps the wolf from the door." The type of method employed was a descriptive research design, focusing on systematically,



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accurately, and factually describing the language structure. The researcher used two methods for data collection: documentation method and observation method. Documentation method involved using books, notes, novels, and newspapers to collect data. Observation method included reading the novel to find declarative sentences. Data Analysis Techniques: the researcher used the description method for data analysis. Steps involved in data analysis included describing sentence structures, classifying data based on sentence types, and analyzing sentence structures using tree diagrams. The final steps included drawing conclusions and writing a report based on the analysis.

Based on those previous research, it can be said that those researches have different study focuses and objects in this research. Based on the pre-observation of the researcher, it is known that most of the problems are related to accuracy, acceptability, and readability. Although there are some similarities found related to the declarative sentence and the quality of translation, none of them discussed the whole package of translation quality; accuracy, acceptability, and readability. It means this study provides new information regarding the translation quality; accuracy, acceptability, and readability of the website company. According to the explanation above, this research aims to analysis the translation quality of the human initiative website.



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# 1.2 Statement of the Problem

The problem formulations of this research are as follows.

- 1. What types of declarative sentences are found in the Human Initiative website?
- 2. How is the analysis of translation qualities of declarative sentences in the Human Initiative website?

# 1.3 Objectives of the Research

The objectives of this research are as follows.

- 1. To identify the types of declarative sentences of the Human Initiative website.
- To analyze the translation qualities of declarative sentences of the Human Initiative website.

## 1.4 Limitations of the Research

The limitation of the study is related to the types of declarative sentences and three programs of the Human Initiative website (<a href="https://human-initiative.org/">https://human-initiative.org/</a>) and their related publications (2023), namely a) child protection programs, b) empowerment programs, c) disaster management and emergency response. The researcher chooses those programs because three of them are the main programs. The assessment of translation qualities in the aspects of accuracy, readability, and acceptability will be analyzed by theory of Nababan (2012).

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# 1.5 Significances of the Research

- 1. Theoretical Significance
- a. To providing a reference for analyzing the accuracy, readability, and acceptability of website translations. This can serve as a valuable reference for future researchers interested in evaluating translation quality on websites.
- b. To focusing on these specific aspects of translation quality on the Human Initiative website, it sheds light on the importance of accuracy, readability, and acceptability in a website.
- c. To enriching findings and analysis by researcher contribute existing body of knowledge in translation studies, provide insights into strategies related to maintaining high-quality translations in websites, thereby advance the theoretical understanding of translation quality assessment.
- 2. Practical Significance
- a. The research findings can be directly beneficial to Human Initiative by highlighting areas for improvement in their website translations. This can lead to enhanced user experience, increased credibility, and better communication with a diverse audience.
- b. This research can guide next researchers in designing similar assessments for other websites. It offers a roadmap for evaluating translation quality for next researchers and improving the effectiveness of translation efforts on websites.



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# CHAPTER V CLOSING

# 5.1 Conclusion

Based on the research findings and discussions conducted on the declarative sentences in three programs and their publications on the Human Initiative Website, as well as the translation qualities, the following conclusions can be drawn:

- 1. In the analysis of translation findings for declarative sentences on the Human Initiative website, it was found that there are four types of declarative sentences: simple sentence, compound sentence, complex sentence, and compound-complex sentence. Among these four types, simple sentences were found the most, followed by complex sentences, compound sentences, and compound-complex sentences.
- The translation of the declarative sentences on the human initiative website is mostly accurate. The translated message is conveyed precisely and has equivalent meaning in the target language. This shows that there is several losses of information or distortion of meaning from the source language to the target language. The translation is able to capture the essence of the original message very well, ensuring that all important details are conveyed correctly. The aspect is acceptability, translation is considered acceptable because it feels natural; the technical terms used are commonly used and familiar to the reader. High acceptability indicates that the translation follows the norms and standards of the target language, but there is only one data that has less acceptable because it feels no natural when translated into TL. This reflects that the readers do not find anything awkward or strange in the use of language and terms used, so they feel comfortable while reading. Translations have high readability; readers can easily understand the translated words, terms, phrases, clauses and sentences. High readability ensures that the translated text is easily understood by the target audience. The sentence structure and word choice are well adjusted so that the



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reader does not struggle to understand the information conveyed, increasing the effectiveness of communication.

# 5.2 Suggestion

According to the results of this research, here is the suggestion that can be considered by any related parties, especially for:

## The future researcher

The human initiative website is an interesting object for further research. This research only discusses the declarative sentence and quality of translation from the accuracy, acceptability, and readability. Therefore, future researchers can explore it to enhance the results of this study or delve into different areas, including to analyze the translation shift, techniques, or other relevant issues. Future research may also analyze the other kind of terms from different linguistic units which is in accordance with a website that will be the media of research.

# The website organizer

In publishing translated works, it is advisable for the website organizer to be more stringent in selecting translators who are truly competent in translating Indonesian into English to avoid misunderstandings in conveying the intended message by the original author. The role of translation editors is also crucial and should be given more attention to ensure that the resulting translation is accurate, acceptable, and readable so that it can be easily understood by the readers.



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**Appendices** 

No.	SL	TL	т.	Type Decla					Τ	ransla	tion (	Quali	ty		
			1	Sent											
			S	C	C	C	Λ	ccura	OV	Acce	ntohi	1;+,,	Da	adab	:1;+,,
			D	D	X	C			icy		•	шу			шц
				ט	D	D	3	2	1	3	2	1	3	2	1
	Initiative for Children merupakan	Initiative for Children is a collection	✓				✓			✓			✓		
1	kumpulan dari berbagai program yang	of various programs focused on													
	berfokus pada peningkatan	enhancing the knowledge and skills													
	pengetahuan dan keterampilan anak	of orphaned and disadvantaged													
	yatim atau pun duafa.	children.													
	Program-program tersebut meliputi	These programs include educational	✓				<b>V</b>			✓			✓		
2	program beasiswa pendidikan,	scholarship programs, provision of													
	penyediaan perlengkapan sekolah,	school supplies, religious equipment,	A	1											
	perlengkapan Ibadah, dukungan	psychological support, as well as		ıΛ						-					
	psikologis, serta berbagai pelatihan	various training initiatives that													
1	yang menunjang mereka untuk dapat	empower them to lead independent	,	1									9		
	hidup mandiri.	lives.	- /	1		7	Fa .								
	Seperti Keluarga di Rumah, HOME	Like Family at Home, HOME Aims	1				✓			✓			<b>✓</b>		
3	Ingin Setiap Anak Mencapai Potensi	for Every Child to Reach Their Full		A	7								/		
1	Maksimalnya	Potential.										7 8			
	HOME Children Learning Center	HOME Children Learning Center is a	1				✓			✓	- /		✓		
4	adalah tempat bagi setiap anak,	place for every child, especially													
	khususnya yatim, anak berasal dari	orphans, children from less										7			
	keluarga kurang mampu, dan anak	privileged families, and neglected	T							1	7 /				
	terlantar untuk mendapatkan dukungan	children, to receive support in								A					
	pemenuhan hak dan perlindungan	fulfilling their rights and protection.								A					
	anak.	EGERI													
	Seperti Rumah, HOME ingin setiap	Just like home, HOME aims for	✓				✓		1		✓		✓		
5	anak mencapai potensi maksimalnya	every child to reach their full							M						
	melalui kegiatan belajar, bermain,	potential through learning, playing,	100						9						
	berkreasi serta ruang untuk konsultasi.	creativity, and consultation spaces.						B							
	Anak Tangguh di masa depan perlu	Resilient future adults need support	✓				<b>V</b>			✓			<b>✓</b>		
6	mendapatkan dukungan dari orang	from kind-hearted individuals during													
	baik di masa kecilnya.	their childhood.													
	Selanjutnya, Kami memiliki Sekolah	Next, we have the School Without			✓		<b>√</b>			✓			✓		
7	Tanpa Kekerasan yang merupakan	Violence program, which is a													



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program preventif untuk menutup preventive initiative aimed at peluang terjadinya kekerasan. eliminating opportunities for eksploitasi, perlakuan salah, dan violence, exploitation, mistreatment, penelantaran di sekolah dengan and neglect in schools by mengimplementasikan child implementing a child safeguarding safeguarding policy. policy. Melalui program ini, civitas sekolah Through this program, educational diedukasi, dilatih, didampingi dalam institutions are educated, trained, and penyusunan dan implementasi child guided in the development and safeguarding policy. implementation of child safeguarding policies. Program HOME Children Learning **HOME Children Learning Center** Center Telah Hadir di 13 Provinsi Di Program is Present in 13 Provinces in Indonesia dan telah memberikan Indonesia and has positively impacted over 1000 children. dampak positif ke lebih dari 1000 anak. Program ini mencakup Sekolah This program includes the Human Initiative School, Orphanage for Human Initiative, Pondok Yatim dan Orphaned and Underprivileged Duafa dan Pendidikan Untuk Anak Penyintas. Children, and Education for Survivor Children. Sekolah Human Initiative adalah The Human Initiative School is a Program pembangunan sekolah untuk program aimed at building schools anak-anak terdampak bencana agar for children affected by disasters to dapat mengenyam pendidikan formal. enable them to access formal education. Pondok Yatim dan Duafa merupakan The Orphanage for Orphaned and Program pembangunan pondok untuk Underprivileged Children is a anak-anak yatim terdampak bencana program focused on constructing yang berkomitmen menghafal Alquran boarding facilities for orphaned dan belajar ilmu agama. children affected by disasters, who are committed to memorizing the



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	T													
		Quran and studying religious												
		knowledge.	H											
	Pendidikan Untuk Anak Penyintas	Education for Survivor Children is a			1		✓			✓			✓	
13	adalah Program dukungan pendidikan	program that provides educational												
	kepada para penyintas dari berbagai	support to survivors from various												
	negara yang berada di Indonesia.	countries residing in Indonesia.												
	Dukungan pendidikan berupa advokasi	Educational support includes	✓				✓			<b>V</b>			✓	
14	akses pendidikan formal dan	advocating for access to formal		1	-									
	penyelenggaraan pendidikan	education and offering non-formal		١										
	nonformal berupa pendidikan budaya,	education in cultural studies, English											1	
	bahasa inggris, komputer, dan life skill	language, computer skills, and life												
	untuk anak-anak pengungsi.	skills for refugee children.	_ /		A									
	Initiative for Empowerment atau	Initiative for Empowerment or also	A		1		✓			$\checkmark$			<b>✓</b>	
15	disebut juga Klaster Berdaya	called the Empowerment Cluster is a	1	1	7								,	
	merupakan kumpulan dari berbagai	collection of various empowerment		1		A.						7 /		
	program pemberdayaan yang	programs that are applied at the		3	A									
	diterapkan pada tingkat individu,	individual, family and wider									10			
	keluarga, maupun lingkungan yang	environment level to improve the												
	lebih luas lagi untuk meningkatkan	quality of life and the ability of the									7/			
	kualitas hidup dan kemampuan para	beneficiaries of this program in an	7							_ A				
	penerima manfaat dari program ini	effort to improve sustainable welfare.												
	dalam upaya meningkatkan	EGERI									7			
	kesejahteraan yang berkelanjutan.													
	Tingkatkan Kualitas Gizi Anak	Enhancing Nutritional Quality for	✓				✓		10	<b>√</b>			✓	
16	Penyintas Gempa Cianjur, Human	Children Survivors of the Cianjur												
	Initiative dan XM Indonesia Adakan	Earthquake: Human Initiative and						A						
	Cooking Class Bagi Para Ibu.	XM Indonesia Host Cooking Class												
		for Mothers.												
	Di tahun 2023, stunting masih menjadi	In 2023, tackling stunting remains a	<b>√</b>					1		✓			✓	
17	pekerjaan besar bagi Indonesia	significant challenge for Indonesia,												
	meskipun angka stunting ini telah	despite a decrease in stunting rates												
	menurun dari tahun sebelumnya.	from the previous year.												



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_															
	Dalam mendukung upaya pemerintah	To support the government's efforts			✓		✓			$\checkmark$			✓		
18	dalam penanganan stunting dan	in addressing stunting and improving													
	peningkatan kualitas gizi anak, Human	children's nutritional quality, Human													
	Initiative berkolaborasi dengan	Initiative collaborated with the													
	kebaikan XM Indonesia mengadakan	goodness of XM Indonesia to													
	cooking class bagi para ibu penyintas	organize a cooking class for mothers													
	gempa Cianjur di Desa Gasol,	who are survivors of the Cianjur													
	Kecamatan Cugenang, Kabupaten	earthquake in Gasol Village,		-					1						
	Cianjur, Jawa Barat.	Cugenang Subdistrict, Cianjur		- /											
		Regency, West Java.			A										
	Kolaborasi terlaksana melalui	The collaboration was realized	<b>✓</b>				<b>✓</b>			$\checkmark$			<b>V</b>		
19	implementasi program Sahabat Gizi	through the implementation of the		1		/									
	Kita (SAGITA) dalam bentuk	Sahabat Gizi Kita (SAGITA)	A		A										
1 1	rangkaian kegiatan edukasi gizi.	program in the form of a series of	7		9								7		
		nutritional education activities.		45							1	JL			
	Peserta yang terdiri dari ibu para	Participants, consisting of mothers	1	2	1		✓			$\checkmark$	//		✓		
20	balita dengan rentang usia 12 – 60	with toddlers aged 12 to 60 months,									10				
	bulan ini mendapatkan edukasi gizi.	received nutritional education.									A				
	Pemaparan edukasi ini secara	This comprehensive education was	✓				✓			<b>√</b>	V		<b>✓</b>		
21	menyeluruh disampaikan secara	delivered directly by Nutrition	М							- A					
	langsung oleh Fasilitator Gizi, Ketua	Facilitators, Ade Irma 2 Posyandu													
	Posyandu Ade Irma 2, dan anggota	Chairwoman, and Posyandu cadre									9				
	kader Posyandu.	members.													
	Rangkaian kegiatan terlaksana pada 2-	The activity series took place from	✓				✓		10	<b>√</b>			<b>✓</b>		
22	3 Agustus untuk baseline survei,	August 2-3 for baseline surveys,													
	cooking class pada 5-6 Agustus,	cooking class on August 5-6,						A							
	edukasi gizi pada 9 Agustus, dan	nutritional education on August 9,													
	diselingi dengan pembagian PMT	interspersed with the distribution of													
	(Pemberian Makanan Tambahan).	Supplementary Feeding (PMT).													
	Bagian paling menarik dalam edukasi	The most engaging part of this	<b>√</b>				<b>✓</b>		1	✓		Ī	<b>✓</b>	1	·
23	gizi ini adalah praktik memasak yang	nutritional education was the cooking													
	dikemas dalam kegiatan cooking class.														



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		practice integrated into the cooking													
		class activity.													
	Edukasi yang berlangsung pada 5	Held from August 5 to 6, 2023, the			<b>✓</b>		✓			✓			✓		
24	sampai 6 Agustus 2023, melibatkan	education engaged mothers in													
	para ibu untuk bersama-sama membuat	preparing food together to address													
	makanan guna mengatasi anak yang	children who experience difficulty in													
	mengalami gerakan tutup mulut	eating.													
	(GTM) atau susah makan.														
	Menu makanan yang para ibu masak	The menus they cooked together on	<b>V</b>	. 1			<b>✓</b>			1			<b>√</b>		
25	bersama terdiri dari puding tempe dan	August 5, 2023, included tempeh		_			_					-			
-	bola-bola nasi pada 5 Agustus 2023.	pudding and rice balls.													
	Pada hari berikutnya, 6 Agustus 2023,	On the following day, August 6,	1	1		/	<b>✓</b>			✓			~		
26	para ibu belajar bersama membuat	2023, mothers learned to make sweet	40			1							7		
_ 1	bubur jagung manis.	corn porridge.		A	7										
	Berdayakan para Ibu Penyintas	Empowering Cianjur Earthquake	V			P	<b>✓</b>			✓	-/	7 8	<b>✓</b>		
27	Gempa Cianjur melalui Peningkatan	Survivor Mothers through			A						A				
	Pengetahuan	Knowledge Enhancement		1											
20	"Melalui pemberian paket makanan	Through providing healthy food			<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>			✓			<b>√</b>		
28	sehat, kegiatan cooking class dan	packages, conducting cooking								1	7 /				
	edukasi gizi, Human Initiative bersama	classes, and nutritional education,		1						A					
	XM Indonesia berharap para ibu	Human Initiative and XM Indonesia													
	semakin berdaya dan terampil.	hope that mothers become more								B B					
	**	empowered and skilled.							- 1						
20	Harapannya pengetahuan para Ibu	Our aim is to increase the knowledge		<b>✓</b>			<b>V</b>		B				<b>√</b>		
29	tentang gizi semakin meningkat untuk	of mothers about nutrition so they	7.					1	71	7					
	menyajikan menu sehat bagi anak-	can serve healthy menus for their						10							
	anaknya," ungkap Dalila Alifia,	children," said Dalila Alifia, Nutrition Facilitator at Human						7/							
	Fasilitator Gizi Human Initiative.	Initiative.													
	Calain Iragiatan Iragiatan tanachut	In addition to these activities, Human	<b>√</b>				<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>			<b>√</b>	-	
30	Selain kegiatan-kegiatan tersebut, Human Initiative bersama XM	In addition to these activities, Human Initiative and XM Indonesia also	<b>,</b>				*			<b>Y</b>			<b>v</b>		
30															
	Indonesia juga juga melengkapi	included the promotion of 10													



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	kegiatan dengan sosialisasi 10	Household PHBS (Clean and Healthy												
	Indikator PHBS di Rumah Tangga.	Living) Indicators.												
	Poin-poin yang Human Initiative	Some of the key points conveyed by	1				✓			$\checkmark$			✓	
31	sampaikan antara lain persalinan yang	Human Initiative include												
	sebaiknya melibatkan tenaga	encouraging safe childbirth attended												
	kesehatan, memberikan ASI eksklusif,	by healthcare professionals,					-							
	menimbang bayi dan balita setiap	exclusive breastfeeding, monthly												
	bulan, mencuci tangan dengan air	weighing of infants and toddlers,		No.										
	bersih dan sabun, melakukan aktivitas	washing hands with clean water and		N						1				
	fisik setiap hari, makan sayur dan buah	soap, engaging in physical activity											ı	
-	setiap hari, memberantas jentik	every day, consuming fruits and												
	nyamuk di rumah, menggunakan air	vegetables daily, eradicating		1	1									
N.	bersih, menggunakan jamban sehat,	mosquito breeding sites at home,	A			1							Ø.	
N	dan tidak merokok di dalam rumah.	using clean water, using proper	1		7						1		,	
		sanitation facilities, and not smoking		1								7 8		
	A VA	indoors.			A									
	"Sebagai bentuk amanah kami sebagai	As part of our commitment as a	1				<b>✓</b>			$\checkmark$			<b>√</b>	
32	organisasi kemanusiaan, para ibu akan	humanitarian organization, mothers												
	mendapatkan PMT setiap sesi edukasi	will receive Supplementary Feeding									V A			
	gizi.	in each nutritional education session.												
	Dengan begitu, para ibu bisa langsung	This way, mothers can immediately	<b>V</b>				$\checkmark$						✓	
33	mempraktekkannya dan tidak lagi	put their knowledge into practice and												
	beranggapan bahwa makanan bergizi	no longer believe that nutritious food							/					
	itu bahan dasarnya mahal-mahal,"	is expensive," she continued.							19					
	lanjutnya.		<b>6</b> 1											
	Menu-menu makanan yang para ibu	The food items that mothers take	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	A		✓			<b>√</b>	
34	bawa pulang setiap usai sesi edukasi	home after each educational session												
	ini antara lain telur, daging ayam tanpa	include eggs, boneless chicken fillet,												
	tulang (fillet), tempe, kacang hijau,	tempeh, mung beans, potatoes,												
	kentang, wortel, dan labu siam	carrots, and chayote squash.												



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	Sedangkan pada hari terakhir, para ibu	On the last day, mothers receive	✓				$\checkmark$			✓			✓	
35	mendapatkan PMT dengan paduan	Supplementary Feeding with a												
	menu berbeda.	different menu combination.												
	Menu-menu itu terdiri dari telur ayam,	This menu includes eggs, tempeh,	<b>✓</b>					✓		✓			✓	
36	tempe, wortel, daun bawang, jeruk,	carrots, scallions, oranges, and UHT												
	dan susu UHT.	milk.					-							
	Sadar Mitigasi Sejak Dini, Human	Raising Disaster Preparedness	✓				✓			<b>V</b>			✓	
37	Initiative Edukasi Pentingnya	Awareness Early: Human Initiative		M	-									
	Kesiapsiagaan Bencana pada Anak-	Educates Children on the Importance		- \										
	anak di Lingkungan Sekolah	of Disaster Preparedness in Schools.												
	Seiring berjalannya waktu,	As time goes on, knowledge about	<b>V</b>				✓			✓			<b>V</b>	
38	pengetahuan mengenai kesiapsiagaan	disaster preparedness becomes a		1		/								
	bencana menjadi sebuah kebutuhan.	necessity.	A			1							7	
	Selain mampu mempersiapkan diri	Not only does it help individuals	1500	$\checkmark$	9		✓			✓		N	<b>√</b>	
39	menghadapi bencana yang akan	prepare for upcoming disasters, but it				A.						7 /		
	datang, setiap orang juga mampu	also enables people to minimize the		2	A									
	menekan dampak dari bencana.	impact of disasters.									10			
	Kebutuhan ini berjalan lurus dengan	This need aligns with the Indonesian	1				✓			✓	M		✓	
40	Peraturan Menteri Pendidikan dan	Ministry of Education and Culture									7/			
	Kebudayaan RI nomor 33 tahun 2019	Regulation No. 33 of 2019 on the		11						_ A				
	tentang Penyelenggaraan Program	Implementation of Safe School	Daniel L											
	Satuan Pendidikan Aman Bencana	Programs (SPAB).								MA	7			
	(SPAB).	L J L I I												
	Kini, Pemerintah telah menghimbau	The government has urged schools to			<b>✓</b>			✓	10	<b>V</b>			✓	
41	kepada setiap sekolah untuk bisa	implement facilities and												
	menerapkan sarana dan prasarana	infrastructure that meet the standards						A						
	sesuai standar, yang mampu	to protect students and the												
	melindungi warga dan lingkungan	surrounding environment from												
	sekitarnya dari bahaya bencana.	disaster risks.												
	Dari banyaknya sekolah di Indonesia,	Among the many schools in	<b>√</b>				✓			✓			✓	
42	Global Islamic School (GIS) Jakarta di	Indonesia, the Global Islamic School												
	Condet, Jakarta Timur, menjadi salah	(GIS) in Jakarta, East Jakarta, is one												



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	satu sekolah yang tengah menata	of the schools working to align their												
	sarana dan prasarana sesuai dengan	facilities and infrastructure with the												
	standar SPAB.	SPAB standards.												
	Menggandeng Human Initiative yang	Collaborating with Human Initiative,	<b>√</b>				<b>V</b>			<b>✓</b>			✓	
43	memiliki core program Initiative for	which has a core program called												
	Disaster Management, GIS Jakarta	"Initiative for Disaster					-							
	menyelenggarakan edukasi siap siaga	Management," GIS Jakarta has												
	bencana bagi anak murid, para guru,	organized disaster preparedness		1										
	hingga perangkat sekolah.	education for students, teachers, and												
		school staff.												
-	GIS Jakarta bersama Human Initiative	GIS Jakarta, in collaboration with	<b>V</b>				$\checkmark$			✓			$\checkmark$	ļ
44	melakukan banyak kolaborasi untuk	Human Initiative, has engaged in	- 4	1		/								ļ
	bergerak dalam mengedukasi warga	various collaborations to educate the	A										7	
N N	sekolah.	school community.	19	A	7						1			
	Beberapa pihak ini antara lain Badan	Some of the collaborating	<b>V</b>				$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$		7 /	✓	
45	Nasional Penanggulangan Bencana	organizations include the National			A									
	(BNPB), Badan Penanggulangan	Disaster Management Agency												
	Bencana Daerah (BPBD), Palang	(BNPB), the Regional Disaster												
	Merah Indonesia (PMI), dan	Management Agency (BPBD), the	m							1	V A			
	(Pemadam Kebakaran) Damkar.	Indonesian Red Cross (PMI), and the								- 4				
		Fire Department (Damkar).	12mm10							A				
	Firdaus Noor Farid, Wakil Direktur	Firdaus Noor Farid, Deputy Director	<b>√</b>				<b>✓</b>						✓	
46	Global Islamic School Jakarta	of GIS Jakarta, emphasized the							1					
	mengungkapkan bahwa edukasi siap	importance of disaster preparedness							10					
	siaga bencana ini merupakan hal	education.												
	penting.							A						
	Hal ini merupakan tanggung jawab	He stated that it is the responsibility	✓				<b>√</b>			✓			✓	
47	bagi pengelola sekolah untuk	of school management to provide the												
	memberikan yang terbaik bagi warga	best for the school community, not												
	sekolahnya, Tidak hanya sebagai	only as members of the school but												
	warga sekolah melainkan juga	also as members of society.												
	berperan sebagai warga masyarakat.													



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	"Sekolah kami (GIS Jakarta) berbasis	"Our school (GIS Jakarta) is based				$\checkmark$	✓			✓			✓	
48	agama. Yang mana Islam meyakini	on religion, where Islam believes that												
	bahwa ketentuan ataupun takdir yang	we as human beings are only												
	Allah berikan, kita sebagai manusia	prepared to respond and prepare for												
	hanya siap untuk berupaya menyikapi	the provisions or destiny that Allah												
	dan mempersiapkannya," ungkapnya.	gives," he said.												
	Lebih dalam bertanya mengenai	When asked about the reasons for	✓				✓			<b>V</b>			✓	
49	alasan GIS Jakarta melaksanakan	GIS Jakarta conducting disaster		1					1					
	edukasi siap siaga bencana bersama	preparedness education with Human		. \						1				
	Human Initiative, ia mengungkapkan	Initiative, Firdaus outlined four												
	empat alasan.	reasons.												
	Pertama, hal ini merupakan strategic	First, it is a strategic blueprint for	1	1	A.	/	<b>✓</b>			✓			<b>√</b>	
50	blueprint GIS Jakarta untuk memenuhi	GIS Jakarta to gradually meet health,			A									
	sarana dan fasilitas sekolah berbasis	safety, and environment (HSE)-based	7		1								,	
	health, safety, and environment (HSE)	school facilities and infrastructure for		1		A.						II		
	untuk siswa, guru, maupun manajemen	students, teachers, and management.	1	2.5	A						1			
	secara bertahap.													
	Kedua, tidak lain adalah bentuk	Second, it is a form of support for	1				✓			✓			✓	
51	dukungan atas Peraturan Menteri	Indonesian Ministry of Education	1								7/			
	Pendidikan dan Kebudayaan RI nomor	and Culture Regulation No. 33 of	7							- 4				
	33 tahun 2019 tentang	2019 on the Implementation of Safe								M				
	Penyelenggaraan Program Satuan	School Programs (SPAB).								MI	7			
	Pendidikan Aman Bencana (SPAB).								1					
	Ketiga, salah satu bentuk upaya	Third, it is an effort by the school to	✓				✓		19	$\checkmark$			✓	
52	sekolah untuk melakukan tindakan	take preventive measures to reduce							9					
	pencegahan atau preventif bencana	disaster risks.						A						
	dalam rangka mengurangi risiko													
	bencana.													
	Keempat, masukan dan saran dari	Fourth, it incorporates input and	<b>√</b>				<b>✓</b>			✓			✓	
53	orang tua murid sebagai stakeholder.	suggestions from parents as												
		stakeholders.												
	ı				•									 



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	Human Initiative sebagai organisasi	Human Initiative, as a global	✓				✓			✓			✓	
54	kemanusiaan global menyadari	humanitarian organization,												
	pentingnya edukasi siap siaga bencana	recognizes the importance of disaster												
	bagi anak-anak, terutama dalam	preparedness education for children,												
	lingkungan sekolah.	especially within the school												
		environment.												
	Berkolaborasi bersama GIS Jakarta,	Collaborating with GIS Jakarta,			✓		<b>√</b>			<b>\</b>			✓	
55	Human Initiative menyusun materi	Human Initiative has developed		1	1									
	beserta pemateri yang mampu	materials and enlisted speakers who												
	menggugah antusiasme anak-anak	can inspire children's enthusiasm for												
	untuk lebih bersemangat belajar	learning.												
	bersama.			1	1		$\nu$							
	Salah satu langkahnya yaitu	One step in this process is	$\checkmark$			1	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	
56	berkolaborasi bersama instansi yang	collaborating with institutions related	1		7								,	
	beririsan dengan hal ini antara lain	to disaster preparedness, such as										7 1		
	BNPB, BPBD, PMI, dan Damkar.	BNPB, BPBD, PMI, and Damkar.			A						/_			
	"Berbagai perlengkapan BNPB,	"The various equipment from BNPB,	<b>V</b>				<b>✓</b>			$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	
57	BPBD, PMI, dan Damkar ini berhasil	BPBD, PMI, and Damkar have												
	menarik perhatian anak-anak.	captured the attention of the children.	$\mathbf{r}$								V A	/		
	Sehingga pemaparan yang kami	As a result, the information we	~				<b>✓</b>			<b>✓</b> /			<b>√</b>	
58	berikan, mampu mereka tangkap	provide is received with enthusiasm	12000											
	dengan bersemangat saat sesi	during the simulation sessions," said												
	simulasi," ungkap Deni Kurniawan,	Deni Kurniawan, Leader of the							/					
	Leader Squad Disaster Risk	Disaster Risk Management Squad at							1					
	Management Human Initiative.	Human Initiative.	-					-	9					
50	GIS Jakarta juga memberikan alasan	GIS Jakarta shares a similar			✓		$\checkmark$	10		<b>✓</b>			<b>√</b>	
59	mengapa edukasi ini tidak hanya	perspective, stating that the education												
	terbatas bagi para guru dan perangkat	is not limited to teachers and school												
$\vdash$	sekolah pada pelatihan sebelumnya.	staff during training.								/				
60	Alasannya tidak lain karena pemateri	This is because professional speakers	<b>V</b>				✓			$\checkmark$			<b>√</b>	
60	profesional dalam bidangnya ini tentu	in the field have higher experience												
		and a stronger understanding.												



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memiliki pengalaman yang lebih tinggi dan pemahaman yang lebih kuat. "Anak-anak juga lebih antusias Children are also more enthusiastic melihat pengisi materi berpakaian TIM when the speakers are dressed in SAR, PMI, dan Pemadam Kebakaran. Search and Rescue (SAR) team, PMI, and Fire Department uniforms. Alhamdulillah, kami dari GIS Jakarta Alhamdulillah, we at GIS Jakarta can bisa memberikan layanan seperti ini provide this type of service to our kepada anak-anak peserta didik kami," students," concluded Firdaus. pungkas Firdaus. Dukung Pendidikan Anak Pengungsi, Supporting Refugee Children's Church World Service Bersama Education, Church World Service Collaborates with Human Initiative Human Initiative Upayakan Sekolah Nyaman di Indonesia. to Ensure Comfortable Schools in Indonesia. Church World Service dan Human Church World Service and Human 64 Initiative berkolaborasi untuk Initiative collaborate to create mengupayakan kondisi sekolah yang comfortable and safe school nyaman serta aman bagi anak-anak conditions for refugee children in pengungsi di Indonesia. Indonesia. Untuk itu, dua organisasi These two global humanitarian kemanusiaan global ini memberikan organizations provide information informasi dan pemahaman langsung and direct understanding to the pada sasaran yang tepat yaitu pihak appropriate target, namely schools. sekolah. Mengusung tema 'Info Session for Under the theme 'Info Session for Local Schools Accepting Refugee Local Schools Accepting Refugee Students', sebanyak 62 sekolah di Students,' a total of 62 schools in the Jabodeta mengirimkan satu orang Jabodeta area sent one representative perwakilan sebagai peserta dalam each as participants in a webinar held on June 27, 2023.



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										1				
	webinar yang terlaksana pada 27 Juni													
	2023 lalu.													ii.
	Berbagai peristiwa konflik yang	Various conflicts around the world	<b>V</b>				✓			✓			✓	
67	melanda beberapa negara di dunia	have immediate impacts on their												
	seketika berdampak bagi warga	citizens.												
	negaranya.													1
	Hak-hak sebagai warga negara	Basic rights as citizens gradually	<b>√</b>				✓			<b>V</b>			✓	
68	perlahan menghilang, seperti akses	disappear, such as limited access to		1	-									
	kesehatan yang terbatas, pendidikan	healthcare, forced cessation of		_ \										
	yang terpaksa berhenti, dan tidak ada	education, and lack of civilian												
	perlindungan sebagai warga sipil.	protection.												
	Tentunya hal ini juga turut berdampak	This situation also affects mental	1	1		/	✓			$\checkmark$			<b>V</b>	
69	pada kesehatan mental hingga	health and eventually leads many	A										9	
	akhirnya membuat sebagian besar	conflict-affected populations to leave	1	1	7								,	
	penduduk terdampak konflik bergerak	their home countries.										V A		
	meninggalkan negara asalnya.				A									1
	Pengungsi tersebut juga turut	Refugees also come to Indonesia	1				✓			$\checkmark$			✓	
70	mengunjungi Indonesia untuk mencari	seeking protection and a safer place.												
	perlindungan dan tempat yang lebih	OLITEIA									V A			
	aman.		7							-/				1
	Meskipun hingga kini Indonesia	Although Indonesia has not ratified	S-10		<b>√</b>		✓			1			✓	
71	belum meratifikasi Konvensi 1951	the 1951 Convention relating to the												
	mengenai Pengungsi Luar Negeri,	Status of Refugees, the country still							/					
	akan tetapi Indonesia tetap menerima	accepts international refugees based							13					
	pengungsi internasional atas dasar	on humanitarian solidarity.												
	solidaritas kemanusiaan.							A						
	Menurut United Nations High	According to the United Nations	✓				1			✓			<b>✓</b>	
72	Commissioner For Refugees	High Commissioner For Refugees												
	(UNHCR), saat ini terdapat sekitar	(UNHCR), there are currently around												
	12.710 pengungsi internasional yang	12,710 international refugees												
	terdaftar di UNHCR Indonesia.	registered with UNHCR in												
		Indonesia.												1



b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar Politeknik Negeri Jakarta

C Hak Cipta milik Politeknik Negeri Jakarta

2. Dilarang mengumumkan dan memperbanyak sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini dalam bentuk apapun tanpa izin Politeknik Negeri Jakarta Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:
 a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penulisan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah.

_															
		Pengungsi internasional tersebut	These international refugees mostly	$\checkmark$				✓			✓			✓	
	73	mayoritas berasal dari Afganistan,	come from Afghanistan, Somalia,												
		Somalia, Myanmar, Liberia, Etiopia,	Myanmar, Liberia, Ethiopia, and												
		dan Yaman.	Yemen.												
		Suaka dan perlindungan yang	While the asylum and protection			<b>V</b>			<b>✓</b>		✓			✓	
	74	Pemerintah Indonesia bersama	provided by the Indonesian												
		organisasi dunia berikan, sayangnya	government and global organizations												
		masih memiliki titik lemah dalam	are commendable, they still have		1					-					
		pelaksanaannya.	weaknesses in their implementation.		N										
		Seperti yang telah Human Initiative	This has been observed by Human	✓				✓			✓			✓	
	75	temukan dalam implementasi Program	Initiative in the implementation of												
		Education Socio-Economic	the Education Socio-Economic		1	1	/								
		Assistances (ESEA).	Assistance (ESEA) Program.	A			1								
	N	Program yang hadir pada beberapa	This program, which operates in	1	1	7		✓			✓			<b>V</b>	
	76	titik di Jakarta Selatan, Jakarta Barat,	various points across Jakarta and its				p.					- 1	7 /		
		Jakarta Utara, Bogor, Depok, dan	surrounding areas, faces challenges			A									
		Tangerang (Jabodeta) menghadapi	such as bullying, lack of motivation,									B			
		beberapa tantangan antara lain	and limited language comprehension												
		perundungan, kurangnya motivasi, dan	among the refugees.									7/			
		terbatasnya pemahaman bahasa pada		М	11										
		pengungsi yang ada.		Same!											
		Fakta-fakta di lapangan ini kemudian	These realities on the ground	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$			✓	
	77	mendorong Church World Service dan	prompted Church World Service and												
		Human Initiative untuk melaksanakan	Human Initiative to conduct an 'Info							19					
		'Info Session for Local Schools	Session for Local Schools Accepting							9					
		Accepting Refugee Students' bagi	Refugee Students' for schools						A						
		pihak-pihak sekolah yang bekerja	participating in refugee programs.												
		sama dalam program untuk pengungsi.													
		Tujuan kegiatan ini untuk memberikan	The purpose of this activity is to	$\checkmark$				<b>V</b>			✓			✓	
	78	informasi bagi para guru, dan bersama-	provide information to teachers and												
		sama membahas berbagai isu relevan	discuss relevant issues regarding the												



# C Hak Cipta milik Politeknik Negeri Jakarta

Hak Cipta:

 Dilarang mengutip sebagian atau seluruh karya tulis ini tanpa mencantumkan dan menyebutkan sumber:
 a. Pengutipan hanya untuk kepentingan pendidikan, penelitian, penulisan karya ilmiah, penulisan laporan, penulisan kritik atau tinjauan suatu masalah. b. Pengutipan tidak merugikan kepentingan yang wajar Politeknik Negeri Jakarta

	mengenai pendidikan anak-anak	education of refugee children in the												
	pengungsi di Jabodeta.	Jabodeta area.												
	Selain itu, adapula sesi pemberian	Additionally, there was a session to	<b>✓</b>				✓			✓			✓	
79	rekomendasi terhadap Program	provide recommendations for the												
	Bantuan Pendidikan dan Sosial	Education and Socio-Economic												
	Ekonomi bagi pengungsi.	Assistance Program for refugees.												
	Pembahasan ini lalu berlanjut pada	These discussions then led to plans	<b>V</b>				✓			<b>V</b>			✓	
80	rencana kolaborasi di masa mendatang.	for future collaborations.		1										
	Harapannya, kegiatan edukasi bagi	The hope is that this educational	<b>V</b>				✓			1			✓	
81	pihak sekolah ini dapat memberikan	activity for schools can provide		_			_							
-	informasi dan pemahaman kepada	information and understanding to		1										
- 1	guru, sehingga tercipta suasana	teachers, creating a pleasant school	- /	1										
N.	bersekolah yang menyenangkan dan	environment and a new hope for	40			1							g .	
V	menjadi harapan baru bagi anak-anak	refugee children in Indonesia," said	1	A							- 4		/	
1	pengungsi di Indonesia,"	Aulia, Project Manager of Human				A					- 1	7 8		
	ungkap Aulia, Project Manager Human	Initiative.			1									
	Initiative.													
0.2	Initiative for Disaster merupakan	The Initiative for Disaster is a	V				<b>√</b>			✓		9	<b>√</b>	
82	kumpulan dari berbagai program yang	collection of various programs aimed								1	7 /			
	bertujuan mengurangi dampak	at reducing the impact of disasters,								- 4				
	bencana, melalui pemberdayaan	through empowering the potential												
	potensi dan kapasitas masyarakat untuk	and capacity of the community to												
	mengenali potensi bencana, dan	recognize potential disasters, and												
	membuat persiapan menghadapi	making preparations to face disasters.							19					
	bencana.		•						9					
02	Selain tindakan preventif, persiapan tim	In addition to preventive measures,	$\checkmark$				V	19		✓			✓	
83	yang akan dikerahkan jika terjadi	the preparation of the team that will						91						
	bencana juga turut menjadi perhatian	be deployed in the event of a disaster												
	pada berbagai program disaster.	also concerns the various disaster												
		programs.												